Kentucky Agricultural Experiment Station UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY THOMAS P. COOPER, Director

Some Plant and Insect Problems of Kentucky Nurserymen During the Year Ended June 30, 1944 W. A. PRICE and HOWARD G. TILSON.

Some of our most troublesome and destructive insect pests and plant diseases are of foreign origin. Many of these were introduced through the usual channels of trade before the people of this country realized the need for quarantine and for inspection of imported commodities likely to carry insects and plant diseases. Among the insects and plant diseases so introduced were the European corn borer, the hessian fly, the oriental fruit moth, gypsy moth, imported cabbage worm, San Jose scale, Japanese beetle, chestnut bark disease, and white pine blister rust.

The European corn borer, probably introduced in shipments of broomcorn from Italy or Hungary, was found in certain northeastern states since 1917; it has now spread over most of the corn-belt states and is rapidly spreading throughout Kentucky. The hessian fly is thought to have been introduced from southern Russia in straw bedding used by the Hessian soldiers who fought in the Revolutionary war. Oriental fruit moth, now established in many of the important peach-growing areas in the United States, was imported from the Orient on nursery stock previous to 1915. The imported cabbage worm, first discovered in Canada in 1860, is now a common pest of cabbage throughout this country. San Jose scale, a native of China, is thought to have been introduced into California about 1870 on a shipment of fruit trees; and Japanese beetle, a native of Japan but now found over a large portion of Northeastern United States, was imported into New Jersey on the roots of plant materials around 1914. The chestnut bark disease, first discovered in New York state in 1904, was introduced on plant material from China. This destructive plant disease has completely laid waste the native chestnut stands of the eastern states. The white pine blister rust, introduced into this country before 1900, is well known in Europe and was probably brought into this country on white pines from Germany. It is not

known to be present in Kentucky.

The Kentucky Nursery Inspection Law is designed to enable the state to (1) control and eradicate insect pests and plant diseases discovered within the state but not yet widely distributed throughout the state—for example, phony peach disease and Japanese beetle; (2) enforce quarantines to prevent the introduction of new insects and plant diseases known to occur in other states and territories, such as alfalfa weevil and potato tuber moth; (3) conduct nursery inspections to insure the distribution of plants free from injurious insects and plant diseases, and (4) provide voluntary inspection and certification service whereby persons other than nurserymen may ship plants and plant products into other states in compliance with plant quarantines regulating the movement of such products from the state of Kentucky.

Definitions

For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of the Kentucky

Nursery Inspection Law some terms are defined as follows:

Nursery Stock—Nursery stock includes all trees, shrubs, and vines having a persistent woody stem, whether cultivated or native; herbaceous perennials and roots; roses; strawberry, raspberry, blackberry plants and other brambles; ornamental bulbs, corms, tubers and rhizomes; and all parts of the aforementioned classes of plants capable of propagation, except seeds.

Nursery—A nursery is any land, ground or premises on or in which nursery stock is propagated or grown for sale, or any land, ground or premises on or in which nursery stock is being treated,

packed or stored.

Nurseryman—A nurseryman is any person who owns, leases,

manages or is in charge of a nursery.

Nursery dealer—A nursery dealer is any person, not a grower of nursery stock (a) who buys nursery stock for resale (b) who both makes landscape plans and plants nursery stock (whether nursery grown or native) or who negotiates in the purchase of nursery stock for his clients, or (c) who transplants or moves nursery stock from place to place in this state for other persons for a consideration in payment of the nursery stock, or the planting of same.

Nursery Agent—A nursery agent is any person who has been authorized to represent a nurseryman or nursery dealer in soliciting orders for nursery stock. A nursery agent does not keep a supply of nursery stock on hand, obtaining stock only from the nurseryman or dealer represented.

Person—The term "person" shall include corporations, companies, societies, associations, partnerships, or any individual or

combination of individuals.

Requirements of the Kentucky Nursery Inspection Law

(1) It shall be unlawful to sell or offer for sale uninspected or uncertified nursery stock. A certificate of inspection indicates freedom from certain injurious insects and plant diseases but does not vouch for trueness to variety nor for grade and conditions of any nursery stock.

(2) Growers of nursery stock for sale or shipment shall apply in writing before June 1st of each year to the State Entomologist, Kentucky Agricultural Experiment Station, Lexington, for inspection

services.

- (3) Every dealer in nursery stock shall secure a nursery dealer's permit. Before this is issued, however, he must furnish an affidavit that he will buy and sell only stock that is certified and will maintain with the State Entomologist a correct and complete list of all sources from which he secures his stock.
- (4) Every nursery dealer and agent must carry his permit when soliciting orders for or delivering nursery stock. Nursery agents' permits are secured only upon the request of the nurseryman or dealer to be represented.

(5) All packages or bundles of nursery stock shipped by common carrier must have attached a copy of the inspection certificate or

permit.

(6) Certificates and permits may be revoked for cause.

(7) Fees shall be paid as follows: Inspection certificate, \$5; dealer's permit, \$5; agent of nonresident nurserymen, \$5; nonresident nurseryman's certificate, \$5. Fees shall accompany application. Application blanks may be obtained from the State Entomologist.

(8) Nonresident nurserymen shall file copies of their state certificate when applying for a permit to sell nursery stock in Kentucky.

(9) All certificates and permits automatically expire June 30 following date of issuance.

Requirements for Interstate Shipments of Nursery Stock

Many changes have been made in recent years governing interstate shipments of nursery stock. One of the uniform requirements of all states as well as of the federal government is for a copy of an official certificate of inspection to be attached to each shipment of nursery stock. Before making shipments of nursery stock into any state, nurserymen should familiarize themselves with the requirement for shipping into that state. Correspondence should be directed to the officer in charge in the state concerned. For convenience a list of these officers is given on the following page. As a handy reference some of the major requirements for shipments of nursery stock into the several states are given in the following table.

State	State of Origin Certifi- cate Filed	Nurseryman's Filing Fee	Agent's Fee	Special Tag	Posted Bonds
Alabama	Yes	\$10 or reciprocal	\$1	Reciprocal	
Arizona	No	None	None	No	None
Arkansas		None	\$1	Yes	Reciprocal
California		\$5 or reciprocal	None	No	None
Colorado	Yes No	None	None	No	None
Connecticut		None Reciprocal	None	No	None
Delaware		None	None	No	None
		\$5 or reciprocal	None \$1	Yes	None
GeorgiaIdaho		\$5 to \$15	None	No No	None
Illinois	**	None	None	No	\$1000 ¹ None
Indiana		\$1	\$1	No	None
Iowa		Reciprocal	None	No '	None
Kansas		Reciprocal	None	No	None
Kentucky		\$5	\$5	No	None
Louisiana		None	None	No	None
Maine	Yes	\$1	\$1	No	None
Maryland		Reciprocal	None	No	None
Massachusetts		None	None	No	None
Michigan		\$15 or reciprocal	\$1	No	None
Minnesota		Reciprocal	Reciprocal	No	None
Mississippi		Reciprocal	None	No	Reciprocal
Missouri		\$12	None	No	None
Montana	No	\$25	\$25	No	None
Nebraska	Yes	\$10 or reciprocal	\$1	No	None
Nevada	No	None	None	No	None
New Hamsphire	No	None	None	No	None
New Jersey	Yes	Reciprocal	None	No	None
New Mexico	Yes	\$10	\$25	Yes	None
New York	No	None	None	No	None
North Carolina	Yes	Reciprocal	None	No	$$1000^3$
North Dakota	Yes	Reciprocal	\$10	No	\$500
Ohio	Yes	Reciprocal	None	No	None
Oklahoma		\$10 or reciprocal	\$1	Yes	None
Oregon	No	None	\$1	No	None
Pennsylvania	Yes	None	None	No	None
Rhode Island	Yes	None	None	No	None
South Carolina		None	None	Yes	None None
South Dakota	Yes	\$1	\$1 Paginggal	No No	\$5000 ³
Tennessee	Yes	None	Reciprocal None	Yes	None
Texas	Yes	\$5 or reciprocal	None	105	1,0116

State	State of Origin Certifi- cate Filed	Nurseryman's Filing Fee	Agent's Fee	Special Tag	Posted Bonds
Utah	No No	\$10 None \$10 or reciprocal \$5 to \$15 or reciprocal	None None \$1 or reciprocal \$1" \$1	No No No No Yes	None None None None None
West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming	Yes	\$15 \$10 or reciprocal \$15	Reciprocal None	No No	None \$500

¹ Only for fruit-stock shippers. ² Only to sweetpotato plant shippers. ³ For nurserymen who promise maintenance.

STATE OFFICERS IN CHARGE OF INSPECTION

BINIE	
Alabama	B. P. Livingston, Chief, Division of Plant Industry,
	Montgomery.
Arizona	J. L. E. Lauderdale, State Entomologist, Phoenix.
Arkansas	Paul H. Millar, Chief Inspector, State Plant Board,
TITICAL CONTRACTOR	Tittle Rock
California	Chief Bureau of Entomology and
California	Plant Quarantine, Department of Agriculture,
	Sparamento
	F. Herbert Gates, State Entomologist, 20 State
Colorado	F. Herbert Gates, State Entomotogras, -
	Museum, Denver.
Connecticut	Roger B. Friend, State Entomologist, Box 1106,
	New Haven.
Delaware	S. L. Hopperstead, Plant Pathologist, Newark.
Florida	J. C. Goodwin, Nursery Inspector, State Plant
Florida	
Canain	C H Alden Director of Entomology, Atlanta.
Georgia	Paul T. Rowell, Director, Bureau of Plant Industry,
Idaho	Boise
	Tr D G : 6 - 4 Chief Dlant Inspector 200 State Bank
Illinois	H. F. Sellert, Cher Flant Inspector, 200 State
	Building, Glen Ellyn.
Indiana	Frank N. Wallace, State Entomologist, Indianapolis.
Iowa	C1 T Duelto State Entomologist, Allies.
Kansas, North	George A. Dean, Entomologist, Kansas Agricul-
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Kansas, South	II D Ungerford Entemologist, Lawrence.
	W A Price State Entomologist, Agricultural Ex-
Kentucky	maniment Station Lexington.
	W. E. Anderson, State Entomologist, Baton Rouge.
Louisiana	S. L. Painter, State Horticulturist, Augusta.
Maine	T M C Ctoto Entomologist College Falk.
Maryland	R. H. Allen, Director, Division of Plant Pest Con-
Massachusetts	R. H. Allen, Director, Division of Tiant 1 cost
	trol, State House, Boston.
Michigan	C. A. Boyer, Bureau of Orchard and Nursery In-
	spection Service, Department of Agriculture,
	Lansing.

Minnesota	T. L. Aamodt, State Entomologist, University Farm, St. Paul.
Mississippi	Clay Lyle, Entomologist, State Plant Board, State College.
Missouri	J. Allison Denning, State Entomologist, Department of Agriculture, Jefferson City.
Montana	George L. Knight, Chief, Division of Horticulture, Missoula.
Nebraska	L. M. Gates, Entomologist, Department of Agriculture and Inspection, Lincoln.
Nevada	George G. Schweis, Director, Division of Plant Industry, P. O. Box 1027, Reno.
New Hampshire	W. C. O'Kane, Deputy Commissioner, Department of Agriculture, Durham.
New Jersey	Harry B. Weiss, Chief, Bureau of Plant Industry, Trenton.
New Mexico	R. F. Crawford, Head of Biology, College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts, State College.
New York	A. B. Buchholz, Director, Bureau of Plant Industry, Department of Agriculture and Markets, Albany.
North Carolina	.C. H. Brannon, State Entomologist, Department of Agriculture, Raleigh.
North Dakota	J. A. Munro, State Entomologist, Fargo.
Ohio	John W. Baringer, Specialist in Charge, Insect and Plant Disease Control, Department of Agricul- ture, Columbus.
Oklahoma	Clyde A. Bower, Chief Nursery Inspector, State Board of Agriculture, Oklahoma City.
Oregon	Frank McKennon, Chief, Division of Plant Industry, Agricultural Building, Salem.
Pennsylvania	Thomas L. Guyton, Director, Bureau of Plant Industry, Harrisburg.
Rhode Island	Bryton Eddy, State Entomologist, State House, Providence.
South Carolina	J. A. Berly, Chief, Division of Entomology and Zoology, Clemson College.
South Dakota	Charles S. Weller, Chief, Division of Horticulture and Entomology, Pierre.
Tennessee	G. M. Bentley, State Entomologist and Plant Pathologist, 65 Biology Building, University of Tennessee, Knoxville.
	J. M. Del Curto, Chief, Division of Plant Quarantine. Department of Agriculture. Austin.
	Earl Hutchings, State Agricultural Inspector, State Board of Agriculture, Salt Lake City.
Vermont	M. B. Cummings, State Nursery Inspector, Burlington.
	G. T. French, State Entomologist, 1112 State Office Building, Richmond.
	F. E. DeSellem, Supervisor of Horticulture, Department of Agriculture, Olympia.
West Virginia	F. Waldo Craig, Department of Agriculture, Charleston.

	L. Chambers, State Entomologist, Department of Agriculture, Madison.
	Thomas Snipes, State Entomologist, State Be-
U. S. D. AP.	N. Annand, Chief, Bureau of Entolliology and
Dominion of CanadaW.	N. Keenan, Secretary, Destructive Insect and Pest Act Advisory Board, Department of Agri- culture, Ottawa.

Japanese Beetle

No trapping for Japanese beetles was carried on in Kentucky during 1943. No new traps were available and of the 55,354 traps used by the Bureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine throughout the United States in 1942, only 41,993 were serviceable for 1943. Trapping was performed in 17 states and was restricted to 161 localities.

The only extension this year of the Federal quarantine on Japanese beetle will be two election districts in Maryland and two cities in West Virginia.

In North Carolina during midseason a heavy infestation was discovered at Blowing Rock. Over 17,000 beetles were trapped in this small resort town in the northwestern section of the state.

During the trapping season of 1943 Japanese beetles were captured in every state bordering Kentucky. This fact indicates the necessity of exerting every known prevention to delay as long as possible the time when Japanese beetle will become a common pest in Kentucky.

White-Fringed Beetle

Extensions of regulated areas under federal quarantine number 72, on account of white-fringed beetle, were made to include parts of three additional counties in North Carolina; two in Alabama and two in Mississippi. There were no extensions of the infested areas in Florida and Louisiana.

Elm Disease

Reports of dead and dying elms continue to come in from many parts of Kentucky. Upon investigation most of the dying trees show symptoms of phloem necrosis (for description, see Kentucky Regulatory Series Bulletin 32, 1942), a virus disease which has become

quite prevalent throughout the lower Ohio valley. No satisfactory treatment of the disorder has been found and the only recommendation at the present time is to cut out and burn all affected elms as soon as it is evident that the trees are dying.

INSECTS AND PLANT DISEASES FOUND IN KENTUCKY NURSERIES, 1943-44

Diseases

Cedar rust
Sweetpotato stem rot
Sweetpotato black rot
Birch leafspot
Iris leafspot
Iris root rot
Fire blight
Cherry leafspot
Delphinium crown rot
Peony blotch
Weeping willow canker
Phloem necrosis

Insects

Bagworms
Oriental fruit moth
Red spider
White pine bark aphid
Dogwood borer
Gladioli thrips
Holly leaf miner
Pine tip moth

Directions for Pest Control and Plant Treatment

Given herewith is a list of dangerous and destructive insects and plant diseases. The instructions for their control or eradication is the result of uniform recommendations agreed upon by the members of the "Central Plant Board" composed of plant regulatory officials of 13 states—Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota, and Wisconsin. In so far as practicable, the suggested treatment for the appended troubles will be followed.

1. San Jose Scale (Aspidiotus perniciosus). — All stocks on which the inspector detects the San Jose Scale by a plant-to-plant inspection shall be destroyed or quarantined and treated, and all trees and shrubs of the following genera and species: Amelanchier, Aronia, Cornus, Crataegus, Cydonia, Prunus, Pyrus, Rhamnus, Ribes, Rosa, Sorbus, Spirea sorbifolia, Spirea billardi, exposed to infestation, must, before they are removed from the nursery, be treated in one of the following ways: Dip tops down to roots in a dip consisting of 1 gallon of miscible oil and 15 gallons of water, or 3½ gallons of a standard lubricating-oil emulsion and 96½ gallons of water, except that where shipment is going to a state where fumigation is required such stock must be fumigated.

A report of the amounts and kinds of stock dipped, and the dip used, must be filed in the office of the inspection official. Premises outside the nursery must be kept free from the scale.

- 2. Cherry Scale, also known as Forbes Scale (Aspidiotus forbesi), Putnam's Scale (A. ancylus), Walnut Scale (A. juglansregiae), Fernald's Scale (A. fernaldi), etc. Trees and shrubs visibly infested with the Forbes scale, the Putnam's scale, the Walnut scale, the Fernald's scale, etc., shall be dipped in or thoroughly sprayed with a miscible oil or boiled lubricating-oil emulsion, as for San Jose scale, before being sent out from the nursery.
- 3. Scurfy Scale (several species, but not the Pine-Needle Scale). Trees and shrubs badly infested with any of the scurfy scales must not be sent out from the nursery. Trees and shrubs slightly infested may be sent out after being dipped in or sprayed with a miscible oil or lubricating-oil emulsion, used 1 to 10.
- 4. Pine-Needle Scale (Chionaspis pinifoliae).—Trees infested with Pine-Needle scale must be destroyed or the block quarantined and treated with at least a 1 to 7 mixture of dormant lime-sulphur application. In addition, if the permanent evergreen trees in the general vicinity are infested with Pine-Needle scale, there shall be established a conifer-free zone at least 15 rods wide around all evergreen nursery stock which is to be moved.
- 5. Lecanium Scale (Toumeyella numismaticum), Hemlock Scale. (Aspidiotus abietis). Infested trees in nurseries shall be destroyed, because no effective means of control are as yet known, and a conifer-free zone at least 15 rods wide shall be established around susceptible blocks of stock, if an infestation is found in the surrounding area.
- 6. Oyster-Shell Scale. (Lepidosaphes ulmi). A plant-to-plant inspection shall be made, and trees and shrubs infested with the Oyster-Shell scale must be destroyed and the block quarantined until freed from scale. Nursery stock of species of plants susceptible to oyster-shell scale shall not be grown within 15 rods of oyster-shell-infested orchard or other permanent or native plants.
- 7. Rose Scale (Aulacaspis rosae). A plant-to-plant inspection shall be made, and bushes badly infested with the Rose scale must be destroyed or quarantined, and no infested plants shall be sold and delivered until freed from the scale.
- 8. European Elm Scale (Gossyparia spuria). Infested trees shall be destroyed and the remaining trees dipped, before shipment or delivery, under the supervision of an authorized plant regulatory

official, in 5 per cent Dendrol or any other oil that has been proven by recognized experimental work as equally effective. Blocks of trees from which infestations have not been removed must be quarantined and treated.

- 9. Cottony Maple Scale (Pulvinaria vitis). Trees in infested blocks of maple shall be dipped in or sprayed with a winter-strength miscible oil or lubricating-oil emulsion before being delivered.
- 10. Wooly Apple Aphis (Eriosoma lanigera). Trees whose roots bear knots or galls caused by the Wooly Aphis shall not be sent out from the nursery. Other trees visibly infested with the Wooly Aphis, but not showing knots or galls, shall not be sent out until treated in one of the following ways: Tops and roots dipped in blackleaf 40 (or any 40 per cent nicotine solution) 9 ounces, boiled lubricating-oil emulsion ½ gallon, and water 50 gallons; or in blackleaf 40, nine ounces, soap 1½ pounds, and water 50 gallons.
 - (a) It is suggested that a solution of Nicotine Oleate be tried to ascertain whether it is practical as a dipping solution for tree roots infested with the Wooly Aphis.
- 11. **Strawberry Root Aphis.** (Aphis forbesi). No strawberry plants from patches generally infested with this insect shall be sent out under certificate. Infested areas and plantings shall be condemned.
- 12. Strawberry Root Worms (several species). No strawberry plants from patches generally infested shall be certified. Before delivery, all soil shall be removed from the roots of plants taken from slightly infested patches.
- 13. Strawberry Crown-Borer (Tyloderma fragariae). Patches showing over two per cent infestation shall not be certified. All soil must be washed from the roots of plants taken from lightly infested patches. Each state shall establish a date consistent with the earliest spring appearance of the adult beetle beyond which no plants shall be allowed to move from fields showing infestation.
- 14. Xanthosis, Witches' Broom, Strawberry Yellows, or Any Virus Degeneration Diseases of Strawberries. All strawberry plants showing any signs of Xanthosis, Witches' Broom, or Strawberry Yellows, or any virus degeneration diseases shall be eliminated from plantings before they are certified.

- 15. Strawberry Crimp (Aphelenchus fragariae) and Other Nematode Infestations. Patches in which the Crimp disease and other Nematode diseases are found shall not be certified.
- 16. Strawberry Leaf-Spot (Mycosphaerelpla fragariae). Care shall be taken to select plants free from disease. More than slightly infected fields shall not be certified.
- 17. Peach-Tree Borer (Aegeria exitiosa), Round-Headed Borer (Saperda candida), Flat-Headed Apple Tree Borer (Chrysobothris femorata), Poplar and Willow Borer (Cryptorhynchus lapathi), and Other Borers in Trees and Shrubs. Trees or shrubs infested with borers must not be sent out from the nursery.
- 18. **Pear Blister Mite** (*Eriophyes pyri*). Infested trees shall be thoroughly sprayed with or dipped in winter-strength lime-sulphur, this treatment to be applied to dormant stock after the leaves have fallen. Special care shall be taken to cover thoroughly the terminal buds.
- 19. Spruce Budworm (Harmologa fumiferana). Trees infested with the Spruce Budworm must not be sent out from the nursery. Small trees in which it is practicable to remove infested parts by hand, may be set out after the infested parts have been removed.
- 20. European Pine-Shoot Moth (Rhyacionia buoliana) and Other Pine-Shoot Moths. Infested shoots shall be cut out and burned before trees are allowed to leave the nursery.
- 21. White Pine Blister Rust (Cronartium ribicola Fisch.) The movement of white pine shall be permitted (1) between infected states only from nurseries that have established sanitation zones and (2) into those states maintaining such sanitation zones around their own nurseries growing white pine. Nurseries desiring to make such shipment shall file an affidavit to this effect with their certificate.
- 22. Pine Bark Aphis (Pineus strobi.) Trees infested with this insect shall not be allowed to leave the nursery, and infested trees shall be quarantined and treated.
- 23. Cedar Rust (Gymnosporangium juniperi-virginianae). No cedars carrying cedar rust diseases of apple shall be allowed to go out of the nursery, and all cedar apples must be picked from infected trees.

- 24. **Pear Blight**, or **Twig Blight of Apple** (Bacillus amylovorus). Nursery trees, the bodies of which are affected with this disease, must not be sent out from the nursery.
- 25. Anthracnose (Gloeosporium venetum). Raspberry and blackberry canes more than slightly affected with Anthracnose must not be sent out from the nursery. Patches more than slightly affected shall not be certified.
- 26. Mosaic Bramble Streak, Leaf Curl. Certification of raspberries and other bramble fruit planting shall be in accordance with the recommendations previously approved by the Central Plant Board for raspberries, such recommendations being that no planting shall have over 2 per cent of the plants infected with the mosaic, either mild or any of the other types of virulent mosaic, at the first inspection, and must have less than 1 per cent at the second inspection.
- 27. Orange Rust (Gymnoconia interstitialis). All infected plants must be grubbed out and destroyed as soon as the rust appears.
- 28. **Poplar Cankers** (Dothichiza populea and Cytospora chrysosperma). All diseased trees must be destroyed.
- 29. Crown Gall, Hairy Root, and Callous Growths. Trees or plants bearing galls, either hard or soft, on trunks, crowns, or main roots, must be destroyed. Slight malformations, when the tree has made a good growth, should not condemn the tree.
- 30. Apple Blotch (Phyllosticta solitaria). Trees, the bodies of which are affected with blotch, must not be sent out from the nursery.
- 31. Crown Elongation Disease of Peonies. All infected plants shall be dug and destroyed immediately.
- 32. Nematode of Clematis, Strawberries and Other Plants in Nurseries (several species). No plants infested with Nematodes shall be allowed to go out of the nursery.
 - (a) Nematode of Peony. Heavily infested plants shall not be sent from the nursery. Infested fibrous roots must be removed from lightly infested plants before they are shipped. No visible sign of Nematode infestation shall be allowed to remain on the plant.
- 33. **Peony Diseases.** Peony roots infected with any of the fungous root rots (Fusarium spp. Botrytis spp. and Schlerotium spp. or the Mosaic disease) shall not be tolerated in certified shipments.

- 34. Iris Root-Borer (Macronoctua onusta Grote.). No spring shipments shall be allowed from gardens showing infestation of the Iris Root-Borer. During the regular shipping season (July-October) the grower can eliminate all borers from plants sent out, if he is careful. In case of heavily infested gardens, where the grower is careless, certificate should be withheld.
- 35. Sclerotinial Crown Rot and Root Rot of Perennials (Sclerotium delphinii, S. rolfsii). Perennial plants showing more than (2) per cent of this infection shall not be certified.
- M. & S.). Field inspection shall be made during blooming season for thrips infestation and storage inspection after corms are cleaned for thrips and disease. No shipments of corms under certificate are to be permitted showing more than 2 per cent infection of any diseases. Where thrips are present all corms, if certified, are to be treated by one of the following methods: Fumigate with cyanogas, using not less than 3 oz. to 1000 cu. ft., making a total of three fumigations at 10-day intervals with a constant temperature maintained during the entire period of not less than 60°F.; or fumigate with a mixture of 1 part ethylene dichloride, and 3 parts carbon tetrachloride—14 lbs. to 1000 cu. ft., at a temperature of 60° F.; or place naphthalene flakes among the corms at the rate of 1 oz. to 100 number 1 corms for a period of at least 4 weeks.
- 37. Any newly introduced pests, and any other pest injurious to plants, which may be found in a nursery and which may be distributed on nursery stock, shall be considered dangerous, and adequate precautionary measures shall be required.

When the precautionary measures prescribed above shall require the destruction of plants, the satisfactory performance of the work will be verified by a personal visit of the inspector. The nurseryman may be permitted to take other precautionary measures, provided he signs a statement specifically agreeing to do so faithfully, and, provided he has an approved, adequate fumigating, spraying and dipping equipment and the proper chemicals and insecticides for treating stock, when treatment by fumigation, spraying or dipping is required.

38. All inspections made for insect pests and plant diseases covered in these recommendations shall be made by a row-by-row or plant-by-plant method or a thorough sampling method depending upon the insect pest or plant disease concerned.

KENTUCKY NURSERYMEN WHO RECEIVED CERTIFICATES OF INSPECTION, 1943-44

OF	INSPECTION, 194	3-44	
Name	Address	Acreage	Kind of Stock
Arterburn, Paul Bellefonte Nursery,	St. Matthews	5	General
Orval Lycan Big Sandy Nursery,	Ashland	5	General
W. S. Burris	Buchanan		General
Blankenbeker, S. H	Jeffersontown	2	General
Service, Inc.,	Mayfield	1	Ornamental
Carter Nursery, H. V. Pack	Carter	1	General
Clark, Joe A.	Webster		Fruits
Clyffty Evergreen Gardens,	Catlettsburg	1.	Ornamental
Crawford, I. T	Murray	2	Gladioli
scape Co., T. C. Crume	Florence	25	General
Curry J G	Hawesville		Sweetpotato plants
Curry, J. G DeJarnette, L. H	Chambers		Sweetpotato plants
Dieterich, C. P. and Bro.	Maysville	1	Ornamental
Dixie View Nursery, A. L. Heger	Florence	65	General
Donaldson Nurseries,	31 14 W	114.3460	
J. F. Donaldson	Sparta and Warsa	aw120	General
Dressman, J. A.	Covington, R. 3.	1/4	Tulip bulbs
Durrett, R. J.	Louisville, R. 4 Christine Lexington	1	Ornamental
Evans Brothers	Christine	2 7/2	Fruits
Evans Gardens	Lexington Hopkinsville	50	Ornamental General
Fike Nurseries, J. W. Fike Gardner, Boone, Nurser-	поркшачте	90	General
ies, Dan Gardner	Louisville, R. 6	10	General
Gramse Nursery	Paducah	. 5	General
Grant Gardens,	412 Orean Road		
Dr. Henry L. Grant	Louisville	1/2	Iris
Green, T. W	Bowling Green	2	Ornamental
Green River Home Nur-			
sery, W. A. Sandefur	Robards	10	General
Haag, Nursery, R. L. Haag	Jeffersontown	30	General
Highland Place Nursery	Versailles	10 11	General Ornamental
Hill, William	Warsaw		
Hillenmeyer Nurseries Howell, Asbery	Lexington Bowling Green, R	2 1/4	General Fruits
Humphreys' Landscape	bowing Green, it	0.0 /4	114105
Service,	Mount Sterling	5	General
A. G. Humphreys	Mount Sterning	J	General
Immegart Nursery, Fred J. Immegart	Newport	2	General
Johnston, Allie	Calvert City	1	General
Junior Club Nursery,			***
Junior Club Nursery, A. C. Herrin	Shopville		Fruits
Kelly, Asa	Fordville	2	Fruits
Kentucky Forest Nursery	Louisville	5	Tree seedlings
T: 1 G 1-	818 Perennial Dr	. 1	Ornamental
Kirch Gardens	Louisville	1	Ornamental

KENTUCKY NURSERYMEN WHO RECEIVED CERTIFICATES OF INSPECTION, 1943–44

OF 1	NSI ECTION, 1040		
Name	Address	Acreage	Kind of Stock
Kistler, Mrs. Belle M	Anchorage, R. 1	1	Iris and peony
Klein Nursery and Floral Co., Theo R. Klein	Crestwood	35	General
Korfhage Nursery and	Shively	10	General
Florist	Lexington	2	General
Leeming Nursery, W. H. Leeming	Shively 915 S. Limestone	10	General
Lindberg Nursery and Landscape Co.,	Lexington	15	General
Luckett Florist	Owensboro		Greenhouse
McCutchen's Greenhouses	Paducah		Greenhouse
Martin's Nursery,	Carrollton	. 35	General
Robert Martin	Hopkinsville	. 00	Greenhouse
Metcalfe Florist	1810 N. Ft. Thoma	as	
Mt. Pleasant Gardens	Ave., Ft. Thomas	10	General
Murray Nursery			
and Florist.	Ъ	2	Ornamental
Mrs. W. P. Roberts	Murray	4	Ollianioni
Nick's Nursery, Nick and Jeff Verburg	Anchorage	25	General
Noble, G. R.	Paducah		Greenhouse
Patterson, A. C.	Centertown	3	Gladioli
Piper, Bernard	Clinton		Fruits General
Pomona Nurseries	Bowling Green	8	General
Pullam-Threlkeld	Clay	5	General
Nursery	Harrodsburg	3	General
Reynolds, A. D. and Son Richardson Plant Co.,	Murray		Sweetpotato plants
Ridgeway Nurseries,			
Theo Zollinger	St. Matthews	5	General
Sanders Bros. Nursery	Paducah	5	General
Schneidman Greenhouses	Paducah	5 5	General General
Shupe Nursery	Sedalia	9	General
Singer Gardens,	Stamping Groun	d 1	General
J. W. Singer	Bowling Green		Chrysanthemums
Smith, Bert R Smits Greenhouses	Paris	5	
Soil Conservation Service	Paducah	25	Tree seedlings
Springhill Nursery,	1722 Greenup Av	re.,	Cananal
Roscoe Johnson	Ashland	2	General
Todd County Nursery,	Museton	1	Ornamental
J. M. Green	Trenton Keavy	5	Hemlock
Valentine Nurseries	Louisville, R. 6	Called State Control of the Control	General
Wakefield Realty Co., Walker, Kingsley, Co		5	Ornamental
Walnut Lawn Farm,		510 61	Camanal
Robert L. James	Lexington	5	General
Webb's Evergreen	Wangara	1	Ornamental
Nursery	Warsaw Hawesville	*	Sweetpotato plants
Webb, Clifton	. Hawesville		

KENTUCKY NURSERYMEN WHO RECEIVED CERTIFICATES OF INSPECTION, 1943–44

Name	Address	Acreage Kind of Stock
Wettstain, H. C.	Chambers	Sweetpotato plants 1 Fruits
Whittinghill, Lonnie M Whittinghill, Samuel D Willadean Nurseries,	Love Love	½ Fruits
A. L. Kidwell Yopp Nursery,	Sparta	75 General
M. J. Yopp	Paducah	5 General

NURSERY DEALERS

NURSERY DI	
Alexander, I. P.	
Barnett A E	Murray
Best, C. T	Flemingsburg
Best, C. T. Bick Bros.	Chicago, Illinois
Bomar-Summers	Louisville
Bunton Seed Co.	Louisville
Dixie Gardens	Lexington
Furnish, Ray	Fort Thomas
Gallaher Drug Co., The	Ashland
Gallaher Drug Co., The	Louisville
Hall Seed Co.	Louisville
Haupt. Fred	Louisville
Hines, W. T.	Bowling Green
Kresge, S. S. Co.	Louisville
Kresge, S. S. Co.	Lexington
Kresge, S. S. Co.	Covington
Kresge, S. S. Co.	Newport
Kresge, S. S. Co.	Owensboro
Kresge, S. S. Co.	Paducah
Kresge, S. S. Co.	Louisville
Kress, S. H. and Co.	Ashland
Kress, S. H. and Co.	
Kross S H and Co	Winchester
Kroger Store Kroger Store	St. Matthews
Kroger Store	Louisville, 2230 Bardstown Rd.
Kroger Store	Louisville, 2312 Preston
Kroger Store	Shively
Kroger Store	Owensboro
Kroger Store	Danville
Kroger Store	Lexington, Short and Broadway
Kroger Store	Ashland
Kroger Store	Pikeville
McCrory Store	Louisville
McChillough The J Chas Seed Co.	Cincinnati, Onio
Mink, William H	Corbin
Montgomery Ward and Co	Hopkinsville
Montgomery Ward and Co. Montgomery Ward and Co.	Lexington
Montgomery Ward and Co	Middlesboro
Murphy, G. C. Co. Murphy, G. C. Co.	Ashland
Murphy, G. C. Co.	
Murphy, G. C. Co.	Pikeville
Murphy, G. C. Co.	Paintsville

NURSERY DEALERS—Continued

Murphree, Carrie F	Richmond
Murphree, Carrie F	Owensboro
Newberry, J. J. Co	Central City
Newberry, J. J. Co Newberry, J. J. Co	Henderson
Moutherry J. J. Co	Corbin
Newberry, J. J. Co	Louisville
New Delly, J. J. Co.	Louisvine
Newberry, J. J. Co.	Waynerd
Newberry, J. J. Co	Frankioit
Newperry, J. J. Co.	Harrousburg
Newberry, J. J. Co.	Tat Ctonling
Newberry, J. J. Co.	Mt. Sterling
Newberry, J. J. Co	Winchester
Newberry, J. J. Co	Comprest
Newberry, J. J. Co.	Discoville
Newberry, J. J. Co. Newberry, J. J. Co. Newberry, J. J. Co. Newberry, J. J. Co.	Lepanon
NAW DELLA . 0. 0	SHEIDANIIC
Newberry, J. J. Co.	Richmond
Newberry, J. J. Co. Newberry, J. J. Co. Newberry, J. J. Co.	Lawrenceburg
Newberry, J. J. Co. Newberry, J. J. Co. Newberry, J. J. Co.	Danvine
Newberry, J. J. Co.	Cyliniana
Newberry, J. J. Co.	Bardstown
Mawherry J. J. Co	Frankioic
Ostrander, John O. Powell Seed Store	Louisvine
Powell Seed Store Purcell Co., The Ray, Carl	Ct Matthews
Pay Carl	Boover Dam
Ray, Carl	Louisville
Renfrow, H. E. Ruysenaars, John C. Scott Stores	Hazard
Scott Stores	Harlan
Scott Stores	Ashland
Scott Stores	Middleshoro
Scott Stores	Lexington
Scott Stores	Louisville
Coare Roenlick and Co	Owenshord
Sears Roebuck and Co.	Teffersonville
Silver's Five and Ien	Louisville
Stewart Dry Goods Co., The	Louisville
Ctolzo Lollis .II.	Pantican
Stoke, Louis Jr	Owensboro
Woolworth, F. W. Co	Henderson
Woolworth, F. W. Co	Bowling Green
Woolworth, F. W. Co.	Madisonville
Woolworth, F. W. Co	Hopkinsville
Woolworth, F. W. Co. Woolworth, F. W. Co. Woolworth, F. W. Co.	Mayfield
Woolworth, F. W. Co	Louisville
Woolworth, F. W. Co., No. 31	Lexington
Woolworth, F. W. Co	Covington
Woolworth, F. W. Co	Newport
Woolworth, F. W. Co	Frankfort
Woolworth, F. W. Co	

NURSERY DEALERS—Continued

Woolworth, F. W. Co.	St. Matthews
Woolworth, F. W. Co.	Richmond
Woolworth, F. W. Co.	Danville
Woolworth, F. W. Co.	Ashland
Woolworth, F. W. Co.	
Woolworth, F. W. Co., No. 1702	Louisville
Woolworth, F. W. Co., No. 1908	Louisville

NONRESIDENT NURSERYMEN

Arcadia Rose Co	Newark, New York
Armstrong Nurseries	Ontario California
Arp Nursery Co.	Trylor Torres
Athona Mungany Co	
Athens Nursery Co., Banner, George M., and Linnie Norman	Athens, Alabama
Banner, George M., and Linnie Norman	Newland, North Carolina
Bass Peran Co	Tumborton Miggigginni
Baxter Nursery Co.	Baxter, Tennessee
Bobbink and Atkins	East Rutherford, New Jersey
Boyd Nursery Co.	McMinnville, Tennessee
Breedlove Nurseries	Tyler Texas
Baxter Nursery Co. Bobbink and Atkins Boyd Nursery Co. Breedlove Nurseries Brown Bros. Co. Codor Cross Nursers	Rochester New York
Cedar Grove Nursery	Smithwillo Tonnoggo
Central New York Numanica	Simulville, Tellilessee
Central New York Nurseries	Geneva, New York
A HASE INTEREST LO	('hago Alahama
Commercial Nursery Co.	Decherd, Tennessee
The Conard-Pyle Co.	West Grove, Pennsylvania
Commercial Nursery Co. The Conard-Pyle Co. Couch Brothers Nursery Co.	
Cumperland valley Nilrseries Inc	Wellinnville Tennessee
Davis, E. C. & Co. Denton Farm & Nursery Co.	Hagen Virginia
Denton Farm & Nursery Co	Calera Alahama
Dixie Rose Nursery	Tylor Toyag
Fast Nashville Landscape Co	Modian Tonnesses
Franchy Nursery Co	T:441 C:1 N T
Dixie Rose Nursery East Nashville Landscape Co., Economy Nursery Co. Emmons & Co.	Little Sliver, New Jersey
Eminons & Co.	Newark, New York
Emiliong Nurseries	Stevensville, Michigan
Empire Nursery and Orchard	Baileyton, Alabama
Empire Nursery Products Co., Inc.	Newark, New York
Empire Nursery Products Co., Inc. Evergreen Nursery Co.	Sturgeon Bay, Wisconsin
Flower City Rose Co.	Manchester. Connecticut
Flower City Rose Co. Flowerfield Bulb Farm	Flowerfield, L. I. New York
rurest Nursery Co	Wellinntille Tonnecco
Fruitland Nurseries Gillett Fern & Flower Farm	Augusta Georgia
Gillett Fern & Flower Farm	Southwick Massachusetts
Glendale Nurseries	Clandala Ohia
Chaham Charlton Inc	Glendale, Onlo
Graham-Charlton, Inc.	Geneva, New York
Harding Brothers Nursery	McMinnville, Tennessee
Harrisons' Nurseries, Inc.	Berlin, Maryland
Harrisons' Nurseries, Inc	Newcastle, Indiana
Hill, D., Nursery Co.	Dundee, Illinois
Hill, D., Nursery Co. Howard Rose Co. Huntsville Wholesale Nurseries, The	Hemet, California
Huntsville Wholesale Nurseries. The	Huntsville, Alabama
Inter-State Nurseries	Hamburg Iowa
Inter-State Nurseries	Newark New York
John's	Apoples Florida
Johnson's Truck Farm	Tronwood Mishigan
Volume C	States Jaland Nationigan
Kahn, S.	Staten Island, New York

NONRESIDENT NURSERYMEN—Continued

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Kallay Brothers Co., The Kingsville Nurseries, Inc.	Painesville, Onlo
Kallay Blothers Co., 222	Kingsville, Maryland
Kingsville Nurseries, me.	Mentor, Ohio
Kingsville Nurseries, Inc. Klyn, Gerard K. Knight and Bostwick, Inc.	Newark, New York
Knight and Bostwick, Inc.	Painesville, Ohio
Kohankie, Henry & Son	Arrows Island Louisiana
McIlhenny, A. E.	Avery Island, Houseand
McIlhenny, A. E. McUmber, R. R	Greenneid, Tennessee
Maloney Bros Nursery Co., Inc.	Dansville, New 101k
McUmber, R. R. Maloney Bros. Nursery Co., Inc. Mason Kentucky Wonder Nursery Co.	Smithville, Telliessee
Mason Kentucky Wonder Nursery Co. Maxwell-Bowden, Inc. May, Earl E., Seed Co.	Geneva, New York
Max Farl E Seed Co.	Shenandoan, Iowa
May, Earl E., Seed Co. Missouri Nurseries	Louisiana, Missouri
Missouri Nurseries	Newark, New York
Moore, William C. and Co. Mount Arbor Nurseries	Shenandoah, Iowa
Mount Arbor Nurseries	Lebanon, Ohio
Muliora, newett 1. and co.	Benton Harbor, Michigan
Nagle's Nursery	Chicago, Illinois
Neperville Nurseiles, inc.	Waxahachie, Texas
Naughton Farms	Smithland, Tennessee
Mount Arbor Nurseries Mulford, Hewett P. and Co. Nagle's Nursery Neperville Nurseries, Inc. Naughton Farms New Fruit Nursery Co.	Onarga, Illinois
Onarga Nursery Co.	Columbus, Mississippi
Owen, T. G. & Son, Inc.	West Grove, Pennsylvania
New Fruit Nursery Co. Onarga Nursery Co. Owen, T. G. & Son, Inc. Paramount Nurseries Pharr Nurseries Pine Creek Nursery Co.	Pharr, Texas
Pharr Nurseries	Cmithwillo Tennessee
Pine Creek Nursery Co.	Portland, Tennessee
Portiand Nuisery	Madigon Tennessee
Pine Creek Nursery Co	Newark, New York
Potter, H. R. Company Quaker Hill, Inc. Riverdale Nurseries Rocky Mountain Evergreen & Nursery Co	Riverdale, Georgia
Riverdale Nurseries Evengroon & Nursery Co	Evergreen, Colorado
Rocky Mountain Evergreen & Numbers	Tyler, Texas
Rocky Mountain Evergreen & Nursery Co Rosemont Nurseries Scarff's Sons, W. N. Shenandoah Nurseries Scheman B. H. Seedsman	New Carlisle, Ohio
Scariff's Solls, W. IV.	Shenandoah, Iowa
Shenandoah Nurseries	Rockford, Illinois
Shumway, R. H. Seedsman	Concord, Georgia
Shumway, R. H. Seedsman Smith Brothers Nursery Co. Southern Nursery & Landscape Co. Southern States Nurseries	Winchester, Tennessee
Southern Nursery & Landscape Co	Macclenny, Florida
Southern States Murscrieb	Wabila Alahama
Southland Gardens, Inc.	Tyler, Texas
Southland Rose Nurseries	Tipp City, Ohio
Southland Gardens, Inc. Southland Rose Nurseries Spring Hill Nurseries Co. Standard Nursery Co. Stark Brothers Nurseries & Orchards Co.	McMinnville, Tennessee
Standard Nursery Co	Louisiana, Missouri
Stark Brothers Nurseries & Orchards Co Stern's Nurseries	Geneva, New York
Stern's Nurseries	Moselle Mississippi
Stringer, H. R.	Newark, New York
Stuart, C. W. and Co.	Fennville, Michigan
Studley, Walter A. Nursery	New York, New York
Stumpp & walter Co.	Swarthmore, Pennsylvania
Stuart, C. W. and Co	Sherman, Texas
Texas Nursery Co. Tri-State Nurseries Universal Bulb Corporation Upton Nursery Co.	Ironton, Ohio
Tri-State Nurseries	Yonkers, New York
Universal Bulb Corporation	Goodrich, Michigan
Upton Nursery Co.	Apopka, Florida
Heller Dionicis	Cochit Tennessee
Valentine Nurseries	Chicago, Illinois
Vaughan's Seed Store	Scottsville, Texas
Verhalen Nursery Co.	Waxahachie, Texas
Valentine Nurseries	

NONRESIDENT NURSERYMEN—Continued

Wayside Gardens Co., The	Mentor, Ohio
Weller Nurseries Co., Inc.	Holland, Michigan
Willis Nursery Co., The	Ottawa, Kansas
Wilson County Nursery Co	Martha, Tennessee
Wilson, C. E. Nurseries	Jacksonville, Texas
Winter Garden Ornamental Nursery, Inc	Winter Garden, Florida
Yoder Brothers	Barberton, Ohio

NURSERY AGENTS REPRESENTING NONRESIDENT NURSERIES

Name	Address	Nursery Represented
Allan, John M. Angle, Mrs. Sarah Brown, J. B. Brown, W. J. Blackshaw, W. E. Carlyle, R. J. Christian, W. M. Denton, J. H. Fleming, John H. Fluston, S. D. Hovekamp, Albert J. Knudsen, Knud N. Lyons, Mrs. Asenath McKnight, O. P. Massie, Wm. S. Maxwell, Lorman A. Milligan, Earl Priest, John R. Roush, Fred Sagely, R. C. Stout, John A. Toepfer, Charles Vick, Macon C. Waddell, John H. Walker, John Stewart Young, Charlie	Louisville, Ky. Louisville, Ky. Baxter, Tenn. Augusta, Ky. Louisville, Ky. Louisville, Ky. McMinnville, Tenn. Cincinnati, Ohio Virgie, Ky. Murfreesboro, Tenn. Covington, Ky. Louisville, Ky. Ashland, Ky. Murfreesboro, Tenn. Cincinnati, Ohio Evansville, Ind. Indianapolis, Ind. Calhoun, Ky. Louisville, Ky. Murfreesboro, Tenn. Louisville, Ky. Cincinnati, Ohio Louisville, Ky. Cincinnati, Ohio Louisville, Ky. Cincinnati, Ohio Louisville, Ky. Cincinnati, Ohio Louisville, Ky. Covington, Ky. Pikeville, Ky. Smithville, Tenn.	Quaker Hill, Inc., Newark, New York C. W. Stuart and Co., Newark, New York Baxter Nursery Co., Baxter, Tennessee Empire Nursery Products Co., Newark, N. Y. H. R. Potter Nursery, Madison, Tennessee Quaker Hill, Inc., Newark, New York Quaker Hill, Inc., Newark, New York Standard Nursery Co., McMinnville, Tenn. Brown Brothers Co., Rochester, New York Quaker Hill, Inc., Newark, New York Standard Nursery Co., McMinnville, Tenn. Quaker Hill, Inc., Newark, New York Commercial Nursery Co., Decherd, Tenn. Quaker Hill, Inc., Newark, New York Empire Nursery Products Co., Newark, N. Y. Quaker Hill, Inc., Newark, New York Quaker Hill, Inc., Newark, New York Louker Hill, Inc., Newark, New York Quaker Hill, Inc., Newark, New York Quaker Hill, Inc., Newark, New York Codar Grover Nursery, Smithville, Tennessee
	- Cilitini, Tollini	Cedar Grover Nursery, Smithville, Tennessee

SUMMARY OF NURSERY INSPECTION

Inspections of Growing Stock	84
Inspections of fruit stock only	7
Inspections of perennials, bulbs, etc.	8
Inspections of sweetpotato plants	6
Inspections of greenhouses	4
Acres of all nursery stock	1181/2
Acres of fruit stock only	31/2
Square feet of sweetpotato plant beds	
Kentucky growers certificates issued	79
Nonresident nurserymen's licenses issued	110
Nursery dealer permits issued	105
Nonresident nursery agents permits issued	26
Miles traveled, July 1, 1943, to June 30, 1944	16,749
Number of counties visited	