

Lord Ross

Castle Parvaster
October 18th 1848

Sir

In reply to your

Lord Ross

J L Castle Parvaster
January 26th 1866

Lord Poppi
compliance with
Dr Fraser's request
is happy to send
his autograph



Poppe

^{Lord Ross}
J L Castle Parvaston
January 26th 1866

Lord Poppe
compliance with
Dr Fraser's request
is happy to send
his Autograph
Poppe



Landmass

Castle Parvata
October 18th - 1848

Sir

I refer to your
letter of the 5th inst. & beg
to say that any
opinion of the kind
should in my opinion
proceed from a meeting
of the most distinguished

S. P. S. S.
12 November 1848

Man of Science in
London

John H. South
by
Robert Southwell
Rope

[Faint, illegible handwriting]

from Sir S. Compton Owen

Yrs truly

Victoria
Princess Royal

Victoria Crown Princess of Germany & Prussia
Princess Royal of England
& Empress of Germany

Yrs truly
Leopold

Prince Leopold

THE LATE MAJOR LE CARON.

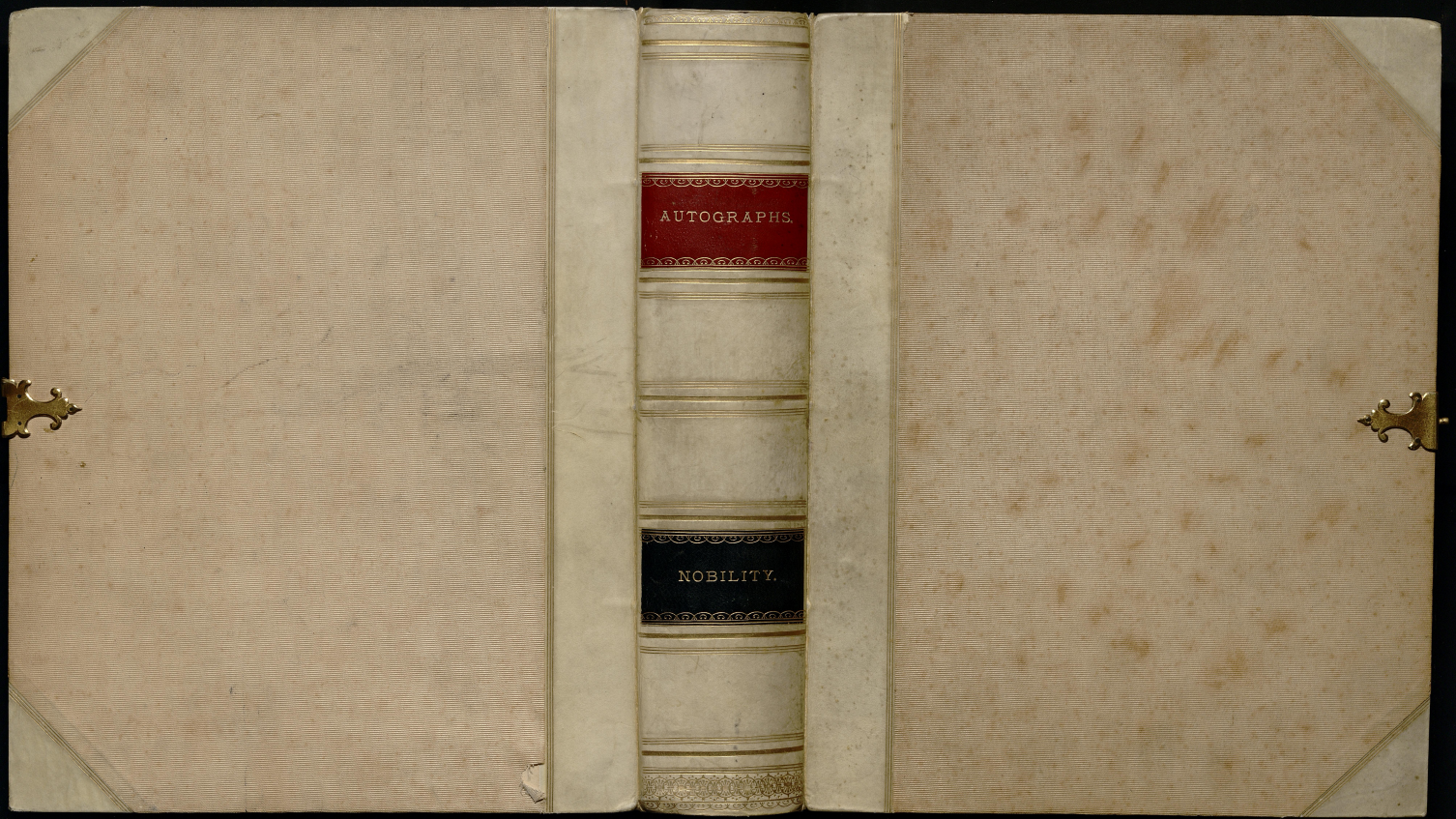
One of the most remarkable men of modern times died in London on Sunday last—Thomas William Beach, or, to give him the name by which he was best known, Major Le Caron, perhaps the most daring spy that ever lived. Major Le Caron was a native of Colchester, his father being a rate-collector of that town. After the beginning of the Civil War in America he left Paris, whither he had gone at the age of nineteen, and entered the United States army as a private. Here he took the name of Henri Le Caron, and his conduct during the many hard-fought fights in which he took part won for him the rank of major. The year before the termination of the great struggle between North and South Major Le Caron made the acquaintance of one Captain, afterwards General, O'Neil, who, when the war was over, spoke to him about a projected invasion of Canada. He joined the Fenian organisation, and in 1868 became "military



Major Le Caron. (Sketched from Life during the Parnell Commission.)

organiser" of that body, being commissioned with the rank of major in the Irish Republican Army. He made the bulk of the arrangements in 1869 for the Fenian raid, or, to use its alternative name, the Riel rebellion in Canada in 1870. He entered the Fenian body for the express purpose of betraying it to the British Government, the arrangements with which were made by his father through one of the then members for his native place. Le Caron accepted a commission from the Home Secretary to procure and supply further information. His motive, as he states in his book, was purely patriotic, the payment received from the Government being for several years together less than the expenses to which he was put in his work as secret informer. He claims to have been the means by which the Canadian rebellion ended in a dismal fiasco. The successive Governments, too, were kept in knowledge of the schemes and plots of the Irish Brotherhoods and Clans. The Major became

Senior Guardian of "Camp 463" in the State of Illinois. A skirmishing fund was established, with Breslin, Davoy, Carrol, Reynolds, O'Donovan Rossa, Austin Ford, Luby, and T. F. Burke as trustees, the fund being devoted to striking at the British enemy when and where opportunity presented itself. All their plots, however, were frustrated through Le Caron. Twenty-five years in all were spent by him as a spy—a perilous ordeal, through which he passed with wonderful pluck and success. His evidence before the Special Commission was the sensation of the inquiry, and will long be remembered for its astounding revelations of the inner workings of the Fenians.



AUTOGRAPHS.

NOBILITY.

